

The Book of Proverbs

箴言

Introduction to Hebrew Poetry

希伯来诗导论

Hebrew Poetic Style

希伯来诗体风格

I. Parallelism 平行

II. Kinds of Parallelisms

平行的种类

Introduction to Proverbs

箴言导论

I. Title 标题

II. Key Words 关键词

III. Authors and Dates 作者和写作日期

IV. Definition/Proverbial Writing Style 定义/箴言的写作风格

V. Theme of Proverbs 箴言的主题

VI. Purpose of Proverbs 箴言的目的

VII. Structure of Proverbs 箴言的结构

The Wisdom Way (Proverbs 1-4)
智慧的道（箴言一至四章）

Introduction

引言

I. The Two _____ (1:8-33)

两种 _____ (一:8-33)

What is the essence of wisdom?

箴言的本质是什么？

A. Sermon #1(1:8-19)-Don't follow the _____ way-a Divine _____.

讲道#1 (一:8-19) -不要随从_____的道 - 一个神圣的_____。

1. "Hear" (1:8) carries the idea (in the OT) of not just listening to sound but listening with the intent to _____

“听” (一:8) 一词带有聆听声音，同时亦带着有目的倾听_____的概念 (在旧约中)

a. God's _____ (vs.8)

神的 _____ (第 8 节)

b. God's _____ (vs.5)

神的 _____ (第 5 节)

2. Why? It's wrong. It ends in destruction. They ignore the reality of _____.

为什么？它是错误的。它最终会带来毁灭。他们忽视了_____的实际。

a. _____ invitations to sin (vs.10)

_____ 诱人犯罪 (第 10 节)

b. Wrong _____ -end of doing the wrong _____ (vs.14)

错误的 _____ 做错误 _____ 结果 (第 14 节)

3. Conclusion-applying God's _____ (vs.33)

结论-应用神的 _____ (第 33 节)

B. Sermon #2 (1:20-33)-Follow the _____ way.

讲道#2 (一:20-33) - 顺着的 _____ 道

Proverbs 1 (continued)

箴言第一章 (继续)

C. Sermon #2 (1:20-33)-Follow the _____ way

讲道#2 (一:20-33) - 顺着 _____ 的道

She=Wisdom (vs.21)

她 = 智慧 (第 21 节)

Three types of Fools (1:22) 三种类型的愚拙人 (一:22)

1. Simple-_____

愚顽人-_____

2. Fool-_____

愚昧人-_____

3. Scorners-_____

褻慢人-_____

1. What does wisdom say? (vs. 22) 智慧说什么? (第 22 节)

a. Wisdom _____-How long do you plan to remain in _____ spiritual health?

智慧 _____ - 你计划继续停止在 _____ 属灵健康中多长时间?

b. Wisdom _____

智慧 _____

Will you turn from your _____ ways?

你会转离自己的 _____ 道吗?

2. How does a fool _____ to wisdom? (vs. 24)

愚拙人会如何 _____ 智慧? (24 节)

a. They refuse to _____ her voice.

他们不 _____ 她的声音。

b. They _____ all her counsel.

他们 _____ 她一切的忠告。

c. They _____ at her _____.

他们 _____ 她的 _____。

3. What does a fool reap? 愚拙人有什么结果?

a. No _____ from God. 没有从神而来的 _____。

1. No _____ from God 没有从神而来的 _____。

2. No _____ of God. 没有从神而来的 _____。

b. The _____ of his own way (vs.31)

他自己道路的 _____ (第 31 节)

4. Conclusion-Applying God's wisdom produces _____ and _____ (vs.33)

结论-应用神的智慧产生 _____ 和 _____ (第 33 节)。

II. The way of Wisdom & Wisdom Deliverance (2:1-22)

智慧的道和智慧的拯救 (二:1-22)

A.The _____-it takes _____ to be spiritual

_____ - 78

_____ - 属灵需要人付出很大的努力

_____ - 78

Three _____ clauses-Then certain things will be true

三个 _____ 从句 - 然后三件事情将会是确定的。

1. Proper _____ of the truth(2:1-2)

对真理的正确 _____ (二:1-2)

a. receive-_____

领受-_____

- b. hide-_____
- 存记-_____
- c. indline-_____
- 侧耳-_____
- d. apply-_____
- 专心-_____

2. _____ desire for the truth (2:3)

对真理的_____渴望 (二:3)

a. criest after-_____

呼求-_____

b. lifted up

扬声

thy voice-_____

你的声音-_____

3. _____ study the truth (2:4)

_____ 学习真理 (二:4)

a. seekest-_____

寻找-_____

b. searchest-_____

搜求-_____

This is what it means to _____ with God.

这就是与神_____的意义所在。

B. The _____ - God promises _____ (2:5-8)

_____ - 神应许 _____ (二:5-8)

1. _____ God and gain _____ knowledge of Him.

_____ 神和获得对他 _____ 认识

The priceless treasure is _____

无价的宝藏是 _____

2. God gives _____ (vs.6-7a)

神赐下 _____ (6至7节上)

3. God gives _____ (vs.7a-8)

神赐下 _____ (7节上至8节)

C. A provision - divine guidance is given (2:9-19)

神赐下自己的引导 (二:9-19)

1. The study of the Word of God with prayer results in (vs.9)

带着祷告的心学习神的话语会带来 _____ (第9节)

a. Righteousness- _____

仁义- _____

b. Judgment - the _____ to come to a understanding of things

判断 - 有 _____ 明白事情

c. Equity- _____

正直- _____

2. The _____ - wisdom (2:10-11)

_____ - 智慧 (二:10-11)

a. God's Word _____

神的道 _____

b. _____ -virtue and truth

_____ -美德和真理

Wisdom, knowledge, discretion, and understanding arm us against _____ and _____ . Wisdom delivers us from

智慧、知识、谋略和聪明会保护我们抵挡 _____ 和 _____ 。智慧拯救我们脱离 _____ 。

3. Enemy #1 (2:12-15)

敌人#1 (二:12-15)

a. Evil _____ (vs. 12)

恶 _____ (第 12 节)

1. _____ mouth-a _____ for you to remove yourself
_____ 的嘴-你远离神的线索

2. Crooked path-a _____ path
弯曲的道-一条 _____ 的路

3. It is a _____ decision due to a false _____ of happiness

(vs. 14)

它是因对快乐虚假的 _____ 而产生的 _____ 决定 (第 14 节)

4. Enemy #2 (2:16-19)

敌人#2 (二:16-19)

a. The snare of the lust of the _____ and _____

1. _____ woman (vs. 16)

2. _____ woman (vs. 17)

a. _____ virtue and purity

b. Forsaken _____ and _____

c. _____ the soul

d. _____ one's affections toward God

e. _____ God's judgment

The sin of immorality is _____. It works in both directions-a man or woman can entice you.

不道德的罪是 _____ 。它有两个方向-一位男人或女人可能引诱你

D.A _____ -walk and dwell in _____ (2:20-22)

_____ - 行走并且住在 _____ (二:20-22)

1. Good men (vs. 20)

善人 (第 20 节)

a. _____ the same path

_____ 这条道

b. _____ to the path

_____ 这条道

2. Conclusion (vs.21-22)

结论 (21 至 22 节)

When wisdom entereth into thine heart, and knowledge is pleasant unto thy soul;
discretion shall preserve thee, understanding shall keep thee. —Proverbs 2:10-11

智慧必入你的心，你的灵要以知识为美。谋略必护卫你；聪明必保守你。

-- 箴二:10-11

Wisdom From _____
从_____而来的智慧
For Living Here _____
应该在_____的生活上

I. The Two Options- _____
两种选择- _____

II. The way of Wisdom and Wisdom's Deliverances
智慧的道和智慧的拯救

III. The _____ of the Wisdom Way (Proverbs 3-4)

智慧之道的_____ (箴言三至四章)

Six Sermonettes 六个短篇的讲道

Versel-The need for _____ so that we do not _____ the
_____ -Retention

第1节-需要 _____, 以便我们不 _____ - 存记

A. The results of the Wisdom Way (3:1-12)

智慧之道的结果 (三:1-12)

Benefit- purpose in life

好处-人生的目的

1. _____ and peace-obedience to the Word can add years to
your _____ and _____ to your years
_____ 和平安-顺服神的话会把长久的日子加到你的 _____
里, 并且把 _____ 加到你的生命的年日里。

2. _____ with God and man

蒙神和人的 _____

3. _____ -trust Him- _____
_____ -信靠他- _____

4. _____ - _____

_____ - _____

5. _____ - _____

_____ - _____

6. _____ response to discipline-submit-God's way to
bring _____ and develop Godly _____.

对管教的 _____ 回应-顺服-神的道带来 _____ 和形成敬
虔的 _____

Trust in the Lord with all thine heart; and lean not unto thine own understanding. In

all thy ways acknowledge Him, and He shall direct thy paths.-Proverbs 3:5-6

你要专心仰赖耶和华, 不可倚靠自己的聪明; 在你一切所行的事上, 都要认定他,
他必指引你的路。箴三:5-6

B. The _____ of the Wisdom Way (3:13-26)

智慧之道的 _____ (三:13-26)

Benefit-last wealth 好处-持久的财富

1.If you find the wisdom of God, you find

如果找到神的智慧, 你会找到

a. _____ -comes from wisdom and understanding

_____ -来自智慧和聪明

1. Wisdom is of great value than _____ gain

智慧比_____更宝贵

2. Wisdom makes you _____ than money ever will

智慧使你_____, 而金钱却不会。

3. _____ more than jewels or earthly desires

_____珍珠或地上的渴望

b. _____ and peace-yields _____ -free from worries

_____和平安 - 产生_____ - 脱离忧虑

c. Tree of life-wisdom is a _____ of life

生命树 - 智慧是生命的_____

2. Wisdom and _____ (vs.19-20)

智慧和_____ (19至20节)

a. Creation-changed _____ to order so can wisdom in a person's

_____ 创造-把_____改变到有秩序, 同样智慧也在在一个人的
_____中工作

b. Wisdom _____ creation

智慧_____创造

3. Wisdom is so valuable (vs.21-26)

智慧是非常宝贵的 (21至26节)

a. _____ -for _____

_____ - _____

1. Hold it _____

持定它_____

2. Keep it _____

保守它_____

3. Objective is to _____ the wisdom of God

目标是_____神的智慧

b. Life to thy _____

c. Sleep is _____

睡觉是_____

d. Avoidance of _____ and _____

避免_____和_____

e. The Lord's _____ care

Wisdom from above for living here below
上头来的智慧应用在地上的生活

I. The two options (Proverbs 1)

两种选择（箴言第一章）

II. The way of wisdom and wisdom's deliverance (Proverbs 2)

智慧的道和智慧的拯救（箴言第二章）

III. The realities of the wisdom way (Proverbs 3-4)

智慧之道的实际（箴言三至四章）

Six sermonettes-six benefits 六个短篇的讲道 – 六个好处

A.The_____of the wisdom way (3:1-12)

智慧之道的_____（三:1-12）

Benefit-purpose in life

好处-人生的目的

B.The_____of the wisdom way (3:13-26)

智慧之道的_____（三:13-26）

Benefit-lasting wealth 好处-持久的财富

C.The_____Pertaining to the wisdom way (3:27-35)

有关智慧之道的_____（三:27-35）

Benefit-_____relationships

好处-_____关系

1. How we deal with people

我们如何对待他人

a. What we will do to others (vs.27-28)

我们对他人所做的事（27 至 28 节）

1. We should_____others_____

我们应该_____他人

2. What a blessing we would be to the world

我们将会给世人带来何等的祝福

b. What we will_____doing to others (vs.29-31)

我们要_____对待他人（29 至 31 节）

1. Do not_____evil

不要_____恶

2. Avoid_____trouble

避免_____麻烦

3. Do not_____people with ill-gotten gain

不要_____人的财利

c._____Christian living

_____基督徒生活

1.We are_____to do good

我们_____行善

2.We are_____not to do evil

我们_____不行恶

2.How God deals with the wise man (vs.32-35)

神如何对待智慧人（32 至 35 节）

- a. God's _____ is with the righteous
- b. God _____ his house
- c. God gives _____
- d. _____ shall be his future

3. How God deals with the unwise man (vs. 32-35)

神如何对待愚拙人（32至35节）

- a. He is _____ to God
他是神所_____
- b. God _____ his house
神_____他的家室
- c. God _____ the scorner
神_____好讥诮的人
- d. _____ shall be his future
_____成为他将来的光景

Withhold not good from them to whom it is due, when it is in the power of thine hand to do it. --Proverbs 3:27

你手若有行善的力量，不可推辞，就当向那应得的人施行。--箴三:27

D. Determination _____ to seek Wisdom (4:1-9)

决心 _____ 寻求智慧（四:1-9）

Benefit- _____ and honor

好处- _____ 和尊荣

1. _____ the wisdom of God to the next generation (4:1-2)

把神的智慧 _____ 下一代（四:1-2）

a. A command to _____ and to _____
_____ 和 _____ 的命令

b. The _____ teaching is sound
_____ 的教训是纯正的

c. Torah = _____ teaching
托拉 = _____ 教训

2. The father's role-parenting (4:3-8)

父亲的亲子角色（四:3-8）

a. _____ with parents
_____ 父亲

b. _____ in the house-Deuteronomy 6
_____ 在家中-申命记第六章

c. _____ of instruction
_____ 教训

d. _____ to get wisdom
_____ 得到智慧

1. Wisdom is to be _____
智慧要 _____

2. Wisdom is to be _____
智慧要 _____

3. Wisdom is to be _____

智慧要_____

4. Wisdom is to be _____

智慧要_____

3. Benefits of such _____ (4:8-9)

这种_____的益处 (四:8-9)

a. Wisdom shall _____ and _____

智慧会_____和_____

b. Wisdom gives _____ and _____

智慧带来_____和_____

Wisdom is the principal thing; therefore get wisdom: and with all thy getting get understanding. --Proverbs 4:7

智慧为首; 所以要得智慧, 在你一切所得之内, 必得聪明。--箴四:7

E. _____ between the way of righteousness and the way of the world (4:10-19)

公义的道和世界的道之间的_____ (四:10-19)

Benefit-guidance in the way of righteousness

好处-引导人走公义的道

1. Encouraged to _____ lessons from Dad (vs.10-12)

鼓励从父亲那里_____功课 (10 至 12 节)

a. _____ and receive sayings-be _____

_____和听受他的言语 - 要_____

b. _____ of wisdom-be ever _____

_____智慧-要总是_____

c. Follow my pathway-best _____ (vs.11)

跟从我的道-最好的_____ (第 11 节)

1. Unrestricted path 自由的路

2. _____ path _____路

d. Advancement in life (vs.10,12)

生命的长进 (10, 12 节)

1. _____ yourself to wisdom

要专心_____智慧

2. Life will really count for God

生命对神来说是有价值的

2. The _____ of retaining righteousness (vs.13)

谨守公义的_____ (第 13 节)

a. _____ onto instruction-follow _____

_____训诲-遵循_____

b. Keep= _____ wisdom

保守=_____智慧

3. God warns about the way of wickedness (vs.14-15)

神对恶人的道做出警告 (14 至 15 节)

a. Do not join in their club-commanded to _____

不要与他们同伙-命令要_____

b. Do not go their way-_____urgent commands

不要走他们的路-_____紧迫的命令

c. The life of wickedness (vs.16-17)

罪恶的生活（16至17节）

1. No _____ for the wicked

恶人没有_____

2. Evil is their _____

罪恶是他们的_____

4. The _____ contrast (vs.18-19)

_____的对比（18至19节）

a. _____ light vs. deep darkness

_____光对幽暗

b. _____ living day by day

一天天地_____生活

But the path of the just is like the shining light, that shineth more and more unto the perfect day. -Proverbs 4:18

但义人的路，好像黎明的光，越照越明，直到日午。-箴四:18

But the _____ of the just is like shining _____, that _____ more and more unto the _____ day. -Proverbs 4:18

但义人的_____, 好像黎明的_____, 越_____越明, 直到_____。 -箴四:18

F. Total _____ in the wisdom way (4:20-27)

全然_____智慧的道（四:20-27）

Benefit-life and health 好处-生命和健康

1. Listen and _____ to the Word of God (vs.20-22)

聆听和_____神的话（20至22节）

a. _____ to spiritual living

_____属灵的生活

b. _____ to the Word of God

_____神的话

c. _____ to thy thinking and living

_____思想和生活

d. _____ alive and spiritually _____

要_____生活, 在属灵上_____

2. Make personal commitments (vs.23-27)

亲自做出承诺（23至27节）

a. Heart-the _____ center of each person

心-每个人_____的中心

1. _____ it above everything else

_____它超越其他任何事情

2. It _____ what kind of life you live

它_____你活出什么样的生活

b.Mouth-_____the heart

嘴-_____心

1._____our lips

_____嘴唇

2.Put away from us a crooked mouth

我们要离弃乖谬的口

c.Eyes-the main_____to our hearts.

眼-对我们心的主要_____

1._____eyes lead to unstable living

_____眼通往不稳定的生活

2._____focused all day-continuity

_____整天注目-持续

d.Feet-_____where you're going

脚-_____你所走的路

1.After finding the right way, walk_____

找到正确的路后，_____行走

2._____moving God's way

3.Refuse to _____

弃绝_____

Keep thy heart with all diligence; for out of it are the issues of life. -Proverbs 4:23

你要保守你的心，胜过保守一切，因为一生的果效，是由心发出。-箴四:23

Keep thy_____with all _____for out of it are the _____ of life.-Proverbs 4:23

你要_____你的_____，胜过保守一切，因为一生的_____，是由心发出。

箴四:23

IV. Inappropriate Relationships (Proverbs 5)

不适当的关系（箴言第五章）

A.Warning to _____away (5:1-8)

1._____to follow the Wisdom Way

走智慧之道的_____

2.The _____of the wicked way

恶道的_____

a._____at first

首先_____

b._____in the end

最后_____

c.Causes_____living

引起_____的生活

d._____the individual

- _____个人
3. _____ can be realized
_____是可以实现的
- a. Obedience to the _____
顺服_____
- b. Cut off all accesses to her
切断与他的一切联系
- c. _____ away from her
_____她

B. Consequences of _____ (5:9-14)
_____的后果（五:9-14）

1. Loss of _____
丧失_____
2. Loss of _____
丧失_____
3. Loss of _____
丧失_____
4. Loss of _____
丧失_____

C. _____ within God's guidelines (5:15-19)
在神导引之下的_____（五:15-19）

1. The _____ of the marriage union.
2. The _____ of the marriage union.
3. Sexual _____ in the marriage union.

D. Fornication makes no _____ (5:20-23)
奸淫是不可理解的_____（五:20-23）

1. God is _____. 神正在_____。
2. _____ is promised 它会带来_____。
3. _____ of a fool 愚拙人的_____

Wisdom from above for living here below

从上面的智慧应用到下面的生活

Proverbs 6

箴言第六章

I. The college of wisdom

智慧的大学

A. _____ 101 (vs.1-5)

_____ 101 (1 至 5 节)

Surety-in the event of a _____

作保-_____拖欠的话

1. Avoid foolish financial _____

避免愚蠢的财备_____

a. Guard against loss of what one has _____

保守自己不要丧失_____的东西

b. Do not _____ someone else's debt

不要_____别人的债

2. _____ by your own pledge and words

被你自己的誓言_____

3. Extricate yourself

设法脱身

a. Go _____ 谦卑地去

b. Ask for _____ from the pledge

请求从_____得释放

c. Do it at _____ and let nothing _____ in your way

_____去做，不要让任何事情_____在你的道上

B. _____ 102 (vs.6-11)

_____ 102 (6 至 11 节)

1. Wisdom Way- _____ -diligent person

智慧之道- _____ -殷勤的人

Wicked Way- _____ -lazy, irresponsible person

恶道- _____ -懒惰、不负责任的人

2. Learn from the _____

从 _____ 中学习

a. Consider her _____

思想她的 _____

b. Consider her _____

思想她的 _____

3. The _____ of the sluggard

懒惰人的 _____

a. He has _____ getting started

他有 _____ 开始

b. He will be _____

他会 _____

1. He lives in _____

他生活在 _____

2. His life is a _____

他的生活是 _____

C. Ethics 103 (vs.12-19)

伦理 103 (12 至 19 节)

1. Man of _____

_____ 的人

a. _____ -base fellow, good for nothing

_____ -卑鄙、一无是处的人

b. Belial- _____ man

无赖- _____ 的人

2. Sinful characteristics _____

罪的特征 _____

a. Perverse _____ -filled with distortions and twisting of

truth

乖僻的 _____ -对真理的扭曲和曲解

b. _____ body language-action and gestures

_____ 的身体语言-行动和手势

c. Froward heart-unruly, not _____

乖僻的-不真实, 不 _____

d. Result- _____ mind and strife

结果- _____ 思想和纷争

3. _____ strikes the wicked person

_____ 击打恶人

a. Suddenly-in an _____

忽然- _____

b. Without _____ -not able to correct a _____
无法 _____ -不能纠正

4. God's _____ abominable sins

神 _____ 恨恶的罪

a. Proud look- _____ for others
高傲的眼- _____ 他人

b. Lying tongue- _____ from ugly heart
撒谎的舌-从 _____ 丑陋的心而来

c. Murder-life is _____
谋杀-生命是 _____

d. Wicked imaginations-spews from _____ mind
恶计-从 _____ 的思想中所发出的

e. Disobedience- _____ of evil
不顺服-罪恶的 _____

f. False witnesses-destroy _____
假见证-败坏 _____

g. Sowing discord- _____ among the brethren
播散纷争-在弟兄中间 _____

D. _____ 104 (vs.20-35)

1. Admonition to pay attention to the Word of God

劝勉专心神的话语

a. Keep thy _____ holy instructions
保守你 _____ 圣洁的教训

b. Fill your _____ with the Word of God
使你 _____ 充满神的话语

2. _____ blessing _____ 祝福

a. The Word of God 神的话语

1. Shall _____ thee _____

2. _____ thee _____

3. _____ thee-advising and encouraging
_____ -劝勉和鼓励

4. Help thee to see _____
帮助你看见 _____

5. Warning thee to show _____ from unwise conduct
警告你不智慧的行为显示 _____

a. Guard against _____ 保守自己 _____

1. _____ mouth-tongue
_____ 口-舌

2. Eyes- _____, looks, facial paint
眼- _____, 外貌, 脸色

3. Promised _____

应许 _____

a. Severe- _____ to a piece of bread

严重的-_____一块饼

b. We are _____

我们是_____

4. _____ woman

_____的女人

a. Example #1-fire 例子#1-火

1. _____ sin is simply playing with fire

_____的罪就是玩火

2. Is not innocent-will not go unpunished

不是无辜的-免不了受罚

b. Example #2-thief 例子#2-盗贼

1. The thief may receive pity, but must _____ up

_____可以接受同情，但必须_____

2. _____ will be paid

_____会受到报应

3. Stealing is not to be _____ to adultery

盗贼与奸淫是_____

a. Lacks understanding 缺少知识

b. Not compelled by _____

没有受到_____的迫使

c. Destroys himself 毁灭自己

1. _____-physical and social

_____ -身体和社交上

2. Jealous _____-implacable fury

嫉妒 _____ -难以平息的愤怒

3. Day of _____

_____ -之日

Proverbs 7

箴言第七章

The dead end street of sexual temptation

性试探的死胡同

I. Call to the Word of God (vs.1-5) 吩咐顺从神的话语 (1 至 5 节)

A. We must obey and _____ the Scriptures

我们必须顺从和_____圣经

B. The best advice is _____ unless taken to heart
最好的忠告只是_____，除非一个人记得心里

II. An old story _____ today (vs.6-9)
_____ 今日的古老故事（6至9节）

A. The _____ person
_____ 的人

B. _____ exposure to temptation
_____ 暴露在试探下面

III. Temptation's _____ (vs.10-23)
试探的 _____ (vs.10-23)

A. _____ seductively
带有诱惑地 _____

1. Clothing guidelines 着装的指导原则

a. _____ (lots, loose, long)
_____ （多，宽松和长）

b. Distinction of _____
_____ 明显差别

c. Older _____ the young
较老的人 _____ 年轻人

B. Crafty and cunning 诡诈

C. _____

D. _____ to be religious
_____ 虔诚

E. _____ the ego and inner passions
_____ 自我和内在欲望

F. Gives _____ security and _____ involvement (reassurance)
给予 _____ 的安全感和 _____ （消除疑惑）

G. Breaks down any final _____
打破任何最终的 _____

H. All with a _____ of words
_____ 话语

I. He stands no _____
他 _____

J. He went to his ruin totally oblivious to the dangers involved
他偏向败坏而全然不知

IV. The dead end of temptation (vs.24-27)
试探会带来死亡（24至27节）

A. Starts in the _____
在 _____ 开始

B. _____ can end up here
最终会以 _____ 而告终

C. We are _____ to see ourselves as conceivably filling the same role

我们要_____看到自己会像那个少年人一样。

V.How to _____temptation

如何_____试探

A.Guard your mind 保守你的思想

Look _____-focus on Jesus and His Word

看_____ -注目耶稣和他的话语

B. Keep away 远离

Look _____-focus on commitment to purity

看_____ -专心注意自己洁净的承诺

C.Look to consequences 注意后果

Look _____-focus on the high cost of sin

看_____ -注意罪会带来极高的代价

Wisdom's Final Plea

智慧的最后请求

Proverbs 8-9

箴言八至九章

I.Wisdom as a _____ (vs.1-5)

智慧是_____ (1 至 5 节)

II.Wisdom as a _____of Life (vs.6-13)

智慧是生命的_____ (6 至 13 节)

III.The _____of Wisdom (vs.14-21)

智慧的_____ (14 至 21 节)

IV.Wisdom and _____ (vs.22-31)

智慧和_____ (22 至 31 节)

V.Necessary Response to Wisdom (vs.32-36)

对智慧必要的回应 (32 至 36 节)

A.If you _____yourself, you get...

如果你_____自己, 你会得到.....

1.B.L.degree-_____of the Lord

学士学位-主的_____

2.M.L.degree-_____life

硕士学位-_____的生活

3. F.L.degree-_____from the Lord

不及格-从主而来的_____

B.If you _____, you will injure yourself and be saying that you love death

如果你_____, 你会伤害自己, 并且说自己爱死亡。

VI.Conclusion-the _____ Invitation-Proverbs 9

结论-_____的邀请-箴言第九章

One final appeal before you make your decision.

你做出决定之前一个最后的呼吁

A.Positive-_____ (9:5)

正面的-_____

1. _____ of blessing, sit and enjoy

祝福的_____, 坐下享受快乐

B.Negative-_____ (9:6)

负面的-_____ (9:6)

1.Table _____ of judgment-disappointment、

审判的_____ -沮丧

C. _____ -the fear of the Lord is the beginning of wisdom (9:10)

You have two _____ -the choice is yours (vs.12)

你有两个 _____ -选择在你手里 (第 12 节)

1. Wisdom says you can listen to me and go my way or

智慧说你可以听从我走我的路或者

2. Listen to the world and go that way

听从世界走另一条路

Proverbs Theme-The Fool

箴言的主题-愚拙人

I.The Simple (a fool in the _____)

愚昧人（在_____上愚拙的人）

A.Definition-The simple is one who is naive and believes everything because he does not have _____ about anything. He is _____ to both good and bad influences. He is _____ and vulnerable to all types of enticements.

定义-愚昧人是无知、对任何事情都相信的人，因为他没有关于任何事情的_____。他_____好和坏的影响。他是，并且容易受到各种不同的诱惑。

B.Description-He loves his simplicity and has no desire to change. He is _____ and easily _____ into moral corruption (Prov.22:3). He is aimless.

描述-他喜欢自己愚昧，并且没有做出改变的渴望。他是_____，并且容易_____进入道德的败坏之中（箴二十二:3）。他是没有目标的。

D. Destiny-Like an animal to the slaughter (Prov.7:7, 22-23), he inherits folly (Prov.14:18) and will be judged (Prov.1:32).

命运-像动物被牵到宰杀之地（箴七:7, 22-23），并且得愚昧为产业（箴十四:18），并且受到审判（箴一:32）。

II.The Fool (the _____, _____ fool)

愚昧人（_____, _____的愚昧人）

A.Definition-The fool is a windbag, full of air but lacking substance.

定义-愚昧人是空气包，里面虽充满空气，但却没有实质内容。

B.Description-He won't _____ (Prov.1:7; 15:5; 17:10; 18:2), cannot control his _____ (Prov.10:8, 10, 18; 14:3; 15:2; 18:13), cannot control his _____, is proud (Prov. 28:26), doesn't know how to use wealth (Prov.21:20), and is _____ (Prov.26:6).

描述-他不会_____ (Prov.1:7; 15:5; 17:10; 18:2)，不能控制自己的（箴十:8, 10, 18; 十四:3; 十五:2; 十八:13），无法控制自己的_____，骄傲（箴二十八:26），不知道如何使用财富（箴二十一:20），并且是_____（箴二十六:6）。

C.Destiny-He repeatedly makes the _____ mistakes (Prov.26:11), brings sorrow to his parents (Prov.10:1; 17:21, 25), and dies without instruction (Prov. 5:23).

命运-他重复不断地犯的错误（箴二十六:11），给自己的父母带来忧伤（箴十:1; 17:21, 25），并且因不领受训诲而死亡（箴五:23）。

III.The Scornor/Scoffer (_____ fool)

褻慢人/爱讥诮的人（_____愚昧人）

A.Definition-The scornor thinks that he knows _____ and is _____ of it. The ultimate scornor is _____.

定义-褻慢人认为自己知道_____，并且以此为_____。最终褻慢人会_____。

B.Description 描述

1.He _____ rebuke (9:7-8)

他_____责备（九:7-8）

2.He _____ wisdom

他_____智慧

3.He _____justice (19:28)

他_____公义（十九:28）

4.He _____trouble and stirs up strife (22:10)

他难题和引起纷争（二十二:10）

5.He is _____angry (21:24)

C.Destiny-The Lord has prepared his judgment (19:29)

命运-主已经预备了他的审判（十九:29）

Conclusion-There is a progression here that might help us understand where to focus the time and efforts of our ministry.

结论-这里的教训可以帮助我们明白从哪里开始注重自己事奉的时间和精力。

Proverbs' Theme-Gluttony

箴言的主题-暴饮暴食

Introduction 引言

Do you eat to live-or live to eat?

你吃饭为了活着还是活着为了吃饭？

I.Principles from Proverbs 从箴言得到的原则

A.Relationship between the stomach and_____

胃和_____的关系

B. "How much" is not the only _____

“多少”不是惟一的_____

C. Gluttony has serious_____

暴饮暴食有严重的_____

II. Keys to Control 控制的关键

A. Control how _____ you eat.

控制你吃_____。

B. Control your _____

控制你的_____

C. Control your _____

控制你的_____

D. Control moments of _____

控制_____的时刻

E. Control your _____

控制你的_____

Conclusion 结论

Balance 平衡

1. _____ life/creation-includes food (O.T. feasts)
_____ 生命/受造之物-包括食物 (旧约节期)

2. _____

3. Feast and fast (but not fast to feast)

节期和禁食 (但不是禁食为了参加节期)

Proverb Theme: Friends

箴言的主题: 朋友

Introduction: We need others; relationships are vital.

引言: 我们需要他人; 关系是至关重要的。

I. Four _____ of Friendship

四种_____友谊

Intimate Friends 亲密的朋友

Close Friends 密切的朋友

Casual Friends 一般的朋友

Acquaintances 一面之交

A. Acquaintances-_____ contacts

一面之交-_____接触

B. Casual friends-_____ interests, activities, and concerns.

一般朋友-_____兴趣、活动和关心。

C. Close friends-_____ life goals and involvement in reaching those life goals.

密切的朋友-_____人生目标和参与达成这些人生目标

D. Intimate friends-committed to the_____ of each other.

亲密的朋友-彼此委身_____。

E. A valuable study is to look at _____ and evaluate with whom He had these types of relationships. The same thing can be done for _____ and his life.

一个有价值的研究是观察_____, 并且用与他有这些关系的人衡量他们。我们对_____和他的人生也可以有同样的评估。

II. Principles from Proverbs 从箴言而来的原则

A. Good friends are important and valuable.

好朋友是重要的, 也是有价值的。

1. They are _____ (27:17).

他们是_____ (二十七:17)

2. They are loyal, faithful, and _____ (17:17; 18:24).

他们是忠诚的、忠实和_____ (十七:17; 十八:24)

B. Good friends are _____ - _____ (3:27-29).

好朋友是_____ - _____ (三:27-29)。

C. Good friends are not a _____ (25:17).

好朋友不是_____ (二十五:17)。

D. Superficial friends don't _____ around (19:4,6).

表面的朋友不_____ (十九:4,6)

E. Friends have a _____ influence (12:26; 16:19; 22:24-25).

朋友有_____的影响 (十二:26; 十六:19; 二十二:24-25)。

What kind of influence are you? What kind of influence will you allow into your life?

你有什么样的影响? 你允许什么样的影响进入自己的生命?

1. A wrong friend can _____ you.

错误的朋友可以_____你。

2. A wrong friend can _____ you down.

错误的朋友可以把你_____。

3. A wrong friend can _____ you.

错误的朋友可以_____你。

III. Companions to _____

A. _____ (1:10; cf. Ps. 1:1)

_____ (一:10; 参诗一:1)

B. Violent (3:31)
强暴的 (三:31)

C. Wicked (4:14)
罪恶的 (四:14)

D. _____ (9:6)
_____ (九:6)

E. Talebearer (20:19)
往来传舌的 (二十:19)

F. _____ (22:19)
_____ (二十二:19)

G. Angry (22:24-25)
愤怒的 (二十二:24-25)

H. _____ (23:20)
_____ (二十三:20)

I. Given to _____ (24:21)-speaks of a rebellious type person
_____ (二十四:21) -说悖逆话的人

Conclusion: The key to having the right friends is to _____ .
结论: 有正确朋友的关键是_____ 。